§ 24.3

§24.3 Public welfare investments.

A national bank may make an investment under this part if:

- (a) The investment primarily benefits low- and moderate-income individuals, low- and moderate-income areas, or other areas targeted for redevelopment by local, state, tribal or Federal government (including Federal enterprise communities and Federal empowerment zones) by providing or supporting one or more of the following activities:
- (1) Affordable housing, community services, or permanent jobs for low-and moderate-income individuals;
- (2) Equity or debt financing for small businesses:
- (3) Area revitalization or stabilization: or
- (4) Other activities, services, or facilities that primarily promote the public welfare;
- (b) The bank demonstrates that it is not reasonably practicable to obtain other private market financing for the proposed investment;
- (c) The bank demonstrates the extent to which the investment benefits communities otherwise served by the bank; and
- (d) The bank demonstrates non-bank community support for or participation in the investment. Community support or participation may be demonstrated in a variety of ways, including but not limited to:
- (1) In the case of an investment in a CD entity with a board of directors, representation on the board of directors by non-bank community representatives with expertise relevant to the proposed investment;
- (2) Establishment of an advisory board for the bank's community development activities that includes nonbank community representatives with expertise relevant to the proposed investment;
- (3) Formation of a formal business relationship with a community-based organization in connection with the proposed investment;
- (4) Contractual agreements with community partners to provide services in connection with the proposed investment:

- (5) Joint ventures with local small businesses in the proposed investment; and
- (6) Financing for the proposed investment from the public sector or community development organizations.

§24.4 Investment limits.

- (a) Limit on aggregate outstanding investments. A national bank's aggregate outstanding investments under this part may not exceed 5 percent of its capital and surplus, unless the bank is at least adequately capitalized and the OCC determines, by written approval of the bank's proposed investment(s), that a higher amount will pose no significant risk to the deposit insurance fund. In no case may a bank's aggregate outstanding investments under this part exceed 10 percent of its capital and surplus.
- (b) *Limited liability*. A national bank may not make an investment under this part that would expose the bank to unlimited liability.

§ 24.5 Public welfare investment selfcertification and prior approval procedures.

- (a) Self-certification of public welfare investments. (1) Subject to §24.4(a), an eligible bank may make an investment described in §24.6(a) without prior notification to, or approval by, the OCC if the bank follows the self-certification procedures prescribed in this section.
- (2) To self-certify an investment, an eligible bank shall submit, within 10 working days after it makes an investment, a letter of self-certification to the Director, Community Development Division, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, DC 20219.
- (3) The bank's letter of self-certification must include:
- (i) The name of the CDC, CD Project, or other entity in which the bank has invested:
- (ii) The date the investment was made:
- (iii) The type of investment (equity or debt), the investment activity listed in §24.6(a) that the investment supports, and a brief description of the particular investment;
- (iv) The amount of the bank's total investment in the CDC, CD Project or other entity, and the bank's aggregate